Please put your work on this page. Box your answers. Thanks and enjoy. Problems 1 and 2 are basic problems which ought not involve a substitution. However, Problem 3 is a Bernoulli equation as we discussed in lecture last week. You have 10 minutes to complete this quiz.

Problem 1 Find the general solution of $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy$.

$$\frac{dy}{y} = xdx \Rightarrow \ln|y| = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + C$$

$$y = \ln \frac{1}{2}x^2$$

Problem 2 Find the general solution of $2xy^2dx + (2x^2y - \sin(y))dy = 0$.

Let
$$F(x,y) = x^2y^2 + cos(y)$$

note $3f_x = 2xy^2 + g_y = 2x^2y - sin(y)$
 $x^2y^2 + cos(y) = C$ is sol^2

Problem 3 Solve
$$\frac{dy}{dt} + \frac{1}{t}y = -ty^3$$
. $\Rightarrow y^{-3} \frac{d\theta}{dt} + \frac{1}{t}y^{-2} = -t$

Let $3 = y^{-2}$ $\frac{d3}{dt} = -2y^{-3} \frac{d\theta}{dt}$: $y^{-3} \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{-1}{2} \frac{d3}{dt}$

: $\frac{-1}{2} \frac{d3}{dt} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{3} = -t$
 $\frac{d3}{dt} - \frac{2}{t} \frac{3}{3} = 2t$ $\Rightarrow I = \exp\left(\int \frac{-2dt}{t}\right) = e^{-2\ln |t|} = e^{\ln |t|^2}$
 $\frac{1}{t^2} \frac{d3}{dt} - \frac{2}{t^3} \frac{3}{3} = \frac{2}{t}$

$$\frac{d}{dt}(\frac{1}{t^2}3) = \frac{2}{t^2} \frac{1}{t^2}3 = 2\ln(t) + C$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}(\frac{1}{t^2}3) = \frac{2}{t^2} \frac{1}{t^2}3 = 2\ln(t) + Ct^2$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}(\frac{1}{t^2}3) = \frac{2}{t^2} \frac{1}{t^2}3 = 2\ln(t) + Ct^2$$