

# PARTIAL FRACTIONS MAKE-UP QUIZ

1/11/11

① Given  $f(x) = \frac{4}{x^2 - 1}$  which of the following is correct?

a.)  $f(x) = \frac{Ax^2 + B}{x^2 - 1}$

b.)  $f(x) = \frac{4}{x^2} - \frac{4}{1}$

c.)  $f(x) = \frac{2}{x-1} - \frac{2}{x+1}$

d.)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{x+1}$

② Given  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 3x - 11}{x^3(x^2 + x + 1)(x^2 - 1)}$  which of the following is correct?

a.)  $f(x) = \frac{A}{x} + \frac{B}{x^2} + \frac{C}{x^3} + \frac{Dx + E}{x^2 + x + 1} + \frac{Fx + G}{x^2 - 1}$

b.)  $f(x) = \frac{Ax^2 + Bx + C}{x^3} + \frac{Dx + E}{x^2 + x + 1} + \frac{F}{x+1} + \frac{G}{x-1}$

c.)  $f(x) = \frac{A}{x} + \frac{B}{x^2} + \frac{C}{x^3} + \frac{Dx + E}{x^2 + x + 1} + \frac{F}{x+1} + \frac{G}{x-1}$

③ True or False:  $\frac{x^2}{x^2 - 1} = \frac{Ax + B}{x^2 - 1}$  for appropriately chosen constants  $A \neq B$ .

④ True or False:  $\frac{x^2}{x^2 + 3} = A + \frac{B}{x^2 + 3}$ ;  $A \neq B$  constants.

⑤ True or False:  $\frac{x + 5}{x^2 + 5x + 6} = \frac{A}{x + 3} + \frac{B}{x + 2}$ ;  $A \neq B$  constants.

# PARTIAL FRACTIONS MAKE-UP QUIZ SOLUTION

$$\textcircled{1} f(x) = \frac{4}{x^2-1} = \frac{4}{(x+1)(x-1)} = \frac{A}{x+1} + \frac{B}{x-1}$$

$$4 = A(x-1) + B(x+1)$$

$$\underline{x=1} \quad 4 = 2B \Rightarrow B = 2$$

$$\underline{x=-1} \quad 4 = -2A \Rightarrow A = -2$$

$$\therefore f(x) = \frac{-2}{x+1} + \frac{2}{x-1}$$

part c. was correct.

$$\textcircled{2} \text{ Given } f(x) = \frac{x^2+3x-11}{x^3(x^2+x+1)(x^2-1)} \text{ we notice}$$

that (a.) was incorrect because  $x^2-1$  factors into  $(x+1)(x-1)$ .  
however, it is in fact the case that (b.) & (c.)  
are the same answer! (oops!)

$$\frac{Ax^2+Bx+C}{x^3} = \frac{A}{x} + \frac{B}{x^2} + \frac{C}{x^3}$$

and the last three terms also match. For this reason I have to add a point to everyone's score to be fair.

$$\textcircled{3} \text{ False, multiply by } x^2-1 \text{ to get } x^2 = Ax+B \Rightarrow 1=0$$

if we equate the coefficient of  $x^2$ .

$$\textcircled{4} \text{ True, } \frac{x^2}{x^2+3} = 1 - \frac{3}{x^2+3} \text{ so it works, we make } A=1 \text{ and } B=-3.$$

$$\textcircled{5} \text{ True, } \frac{x+5}{x^2+5x+6} = \frac{x+5}{(x+3)(x+2)} = \frac{A}{x+3} + \frac{B}{x+2}$$

$$x+5 = A(x+2) + B(x+3)$$

$$\underline{x=-2} \quad 3 = B$$

$$\underline{x=-3} \quad 2 = -A$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x+5}{x^2+5x+6} = \frac{-2}{x+3} + \frac{3}{x+2}$$

Remark: The work here wasn't req'd on the quiz, I just include it here to try to justify the logic involved.